dust at the Municipal Corporation—run Hindu Rao Hospital;

(b) whether it is also a fact that unsterilized instruments etc. are used on patients and the hospital continues to use recycled metallic needles and plastic gloves and tubes instead of disposable syringes, gloves and tubes; and

(c) if so, what steps have been taken by Government to go into the working of the hospital and to improve the situation ?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI B. SHANKARANAND) : (a) No, Sir.

(b) and (c) Municipal Corporation of Delhi have reported that only sterilized instruments are being used. The hospital uses re-usable metallic needles and plastic gloves after observing all precautions.

**Conversion of M. N. T. Cancer Hospital into Regional Cancer Centre**

3662. DR. NARREDDY THULASI REDDY : Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government of Andhra Pradesh have submitted any proposals for conversion of M. N. T. Cancer Hospital, Hyderabad into that of a Regional Cancer Centre;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) what are the reasons for pending this proposal ?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI B. SHANKARANAND) : (a) to (c) : A proposal from Government of Andhra Pradesh was received in 1987 for upgradation of M. N. T. Cancer Hospital and Radium Institute, Hyderabad into a Regional Cancer Centre. The State Government was informed that no new Regional Cancer Centres would be set up or recognised during 7th Plan and the emphasis was on strengthening and improving the facilities in the existing Regional Cancer Centres. There has not been any change in the position.

**Skin problem among children due to residue of Detergents**

3663. SHRI KRISHAN LAL SHARMA : Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that 80 per cent of the skin problem among children is due to residue of detergents remaining in diaper and garments;

(b) whether it is also a fact that detergents with phosphates are banned in many countries of the world; and

(c) whether Government have also taken the similar action. If not, the reasons thereof ?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI B. SHANKARANAND) : (a) to (c) As per available information it is not known whether 80 per cent of the skin problem among children is due to the residue of detergents in clothes. Detergents having phosphates have been banned in some countries. In India, a detergent should not contain phosphate in order to be eligible for the use of ECO MARK.

**Opening of Unani Dispensary at Bangalore**

3664. SHRI ABDUL SAMAD SIDDIQUI : Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to refer to the reply to Unstarred Question 907 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 6th May, 1992 and state :

(a) whether the Government have received views/recommendations of the Central Government employees Welfare Coordination Committee, Bangalore for setting up a new Unani Dispensary at Bangalore;

(b) if so, what are the recommendations/views of the Committee; and

(c) what steps Government are taking in this regard ?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI B. SHANKARANAND) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The Commitee has recommended for opening of a CGHS Unani dispensary at Bangalore.

(c) The matter would be considered at the appropriate time depending upon the availability of funds and other competing claims.

**AIDS cases**

3666. DR. BAPU KALDATE : Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state :

(a) what is the total number of AIDS cases reported in the country as at the end of 1992;

(b) which State is most affected by AIDS cases and by what percentage the number of AIDS cases have risen in these States as at the end of 1992;

(c) what according to any assessment made is the estimated expenditure incurred by the Government on an AIDS case;

(d) whether any financial aid is received by the Government from foreign agencies like WHO to control the disease and to deal with the AIDS cases; if so, what are the details thereof stating the financial aid received by Government so far with name of the agency; and

(e) the extent to which the expenditure has affected the Indian economy ?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI B. SHANKARANAND) : (a) As on 31st December, 1992,290 full blown AIDS cases had been reported in the country.

(b) Maharashtra has currently the highest number of AIDS cases in the country, followed by Tamil Nadu, Punjab (including Chandigarh) and Union Territory of Delhi. Roughly, the increase in AIDS cases in these states comes to about 2.8% during the last one year.

(c) No such assessment has been conducted.

(d) Apart from the WHO, the USAID and SIDA have also been rendering financial assistance to the various AIDS control efforts of the Government. So far US $ 7,718,097 have been received from these agencies.

(e) The pressures on internal resources for the implementation of this programme have been significantly reduced as a result of the foreign assistance received.

**आयुर्वेदिक यूनानी चिकित्सा प्रणाली बोर्ड द्वारा की गई अनियमितताएं**

3667. **श्री छोटू भाई पटेल :**

**मौलाना ओबैदुल्ला खान आजमी :**

**स्वास्थ्य और परिवार कल्याण** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या सरकार को आयुर्वेदिक यूनानी चिकित्सा प्रणाली बोर्ड, दिल्ली-प्रशासन द्वारा की गई अनियमितताओं के संबंध में शिकायतें प्राप्त हुई हैं ;

(ख) क्या सरकार को इस बात की जानकारी है कि दिल्ली-प्रशासन द्वारा उक्त बोर्ड में नामित सदस्य भी इन अनियमितताओं को रोकने में विफल रहे हैं; और

(ग) यदि हां, तो उनके विरुद्ध क्या कार्यवाही की गई है ?

**स्वास्थ्य और परिवार कल्याण मंत्री (श्री बी० शंकरानन्द)** : (क) से (ग) दिल्ली प्रशासन ने ऐसी शिकायत प्राप्त होने की सूचना दी है। बोर्ड को उन टिप्पणियों को ध्यान में रखते हुए उचित कार्रवाई की जा रही है, जो अभी हाल ही में प्राप्त हुई हैं

**Threat by Delhi Medical Association and Delhi Nephrology Society to stop Kidney Transplants**

3668. SHRI VIRENDRA KATARIA : Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that the Delhi Medical Association and the Delhi Nephrology Society have threatened to